



# Federal Budget update 2020/21

## How the Budget may affect families

The announcements in this update are proposals unless stated otherwise. These proposals need to successfully pass through Parliament before becoming law and may be subject to change during this process.

### What you need to know

- The Budget is forecast to result in a record deficit peaking at \$966 billion (44% of GDP) in 2024. However, thanks to record low interest rates, this comes with only a minimal increase in interest payments.
- **Jobs** are the Government's primary focus – creating jobs and keeping jobs, with the introduction of the JobMaker plan (including a \$100-\$200 per week hiring credit for eligible employees/employers and reimbursement of up to 50% of an apprentice's training) and the JobTrainer fund.
- **Tax cuts** will play a major role and, unlike other economic downturns, there will be no deficits tax on high income earners. Stage 2 personal income tax cuts are to be brought forward 2 years, backdated to 1 July 2020, with tax savings for around 7 million Australians of \$2,000 or more.
- **Business Owners** will be able to carry back tax losses from the 2019/20, 2020/21 and 2021/22 financial years to offset previously taxed profits in the 2018/19 or later financial years. This, coupled with the Instant Asset Write-off provisions and expanded access to tax concessions for small business, is calculated to generate spending and create jobs.
- **Aged care** gets a boost with 23,000 additional home care packages. Great news for the 100,000 Australians on the waiting list for these packages.

- **Superannuation** measures called 'Your Future, Your Super' include a stronger focus on reducing fees and costs by increasing transparency and reducing the incidence of individuals with multiple super funds.
- **Social security** – aged pensioners, veterans and eligible concession card holders will get \$250 this year and another \$250 early in 2021. However, there is no mention of extending JobSeeker.

### Overview

The 2020 Budget is all about jobs, jobs and spending to make more jobs. We already have JobSeeker and JobKeeper, and now we have JobMaker and JobTrainer.

Each announcement the Treasurer made was translated into jobs. Tax cuts for 11 million taxpayers equals 50,000 new jobs; expanding the instant asset write-off and the carry back of current losses is another 50,000 jobs.

Bringing forward the Stage 2 personal income tax cuts were the order of the day, and there will be no increases in tax in order to pay for spending. So unlike other economic downturns, there will be no deficits tax on high income earners.

One key theme throughout the Budget, is that the Government is keen to improve outcomes for young people. We know this recession has hit young people hard and many have taken early release of their super.



# Tax

## Bringing forward income tax cuts

From 1 July 2020, two years earlier than previously legislated, the Stage 2 low income tax offset (LITO) and the thresholds for the 19% and 32.5% personal income tax brackets are proposed to increase. Stage 3 of the Personal Income Tax Plan remains unchanged and commences in 2024/25 as legislated.

### Current tax schedules

Tax rate	Thresholds for 2020/21 and 2021/22	Schedule from 1 July 2022	Schedule from 1 July 2024
Nil	0 - \$18,200	0 - \$18,200	0 - \$18,200
19%	\$18,201 - \$37,000	\$18,201 - \$45,000	\$18,201 - \$45,000
30%	-	-	\$45,001 - \$200,000
32.5%	\$37,001 - \$90,000	\$45,001 - \$120,000	-
37%	\$90,001 - \$180,000	\$120,001 - \$180,000	-
45%	\$180,000+	\$180,000+	\$200,000+

### Proposed tax schedules

Tax rate	Schedule from 1 July 2020	Schedule from 1 July 2024
Nil	0 - \$18,200	0 - \$18,200
19%	\$18,201 - \$45,000	\$18,201 - \$45,000
30%	-	\$45,001 - \$200,000
32.5%	\$45,001 - \$120,000	-
37%	\$120,001 - \$180,000	-
45%	\$180,000+	\$200,000+

### Proposed low income tax offset phase out

Taxable income	Low income tax offset - proposed from 1 July 2020
\$37,500 or less	\$700
\$37,501 - \$45,000	\$700 less [(income - \$37,500) x 0.05]
\$45,001 - \$66,666	\$325 less [(income - \$45,000) x 0.015]
\$66,667 and over	Nil

### Tax offsets - 1 July 2020

The LITO will increase from \$445 to \$700 from 1 July 2020. The Government has not brought forward all the changes as per Stage 2 of the tax plan. The low to middle income tax offset (LMITO) will be retained in the 2020/21 financial year. The Government does not intend on retaining LMITO in the 2021/22 financial year. Under current legislation it is set to end in the 2022/23 financial year.

### Current low income tax offset phase out

Taxable income	Low income tax offset - current
\$37,000 or less	\$445
\$37,001 - \$66,666	\$445 less [(income - \$37,000) x 0.015]
\$66,667 and over	Nil

### The amount of the tax savings

The proposed bring-forward of the personal income tax thresholds, rates and tax offsets create the following future tax savings.

Taxable income	Current tax payable	Proposed tax payable	Tax saving <sup>^</sup>
\$20,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$40,000	\$4,467	\$3,887	\$580
\$60,000	\$11,067	\$9,987	\$1,080
\$80,000	\$18,067	\$16,987	\$1,080
\$100,000	\$25,717	\$24,187	\$1,530
\$120,000	\$34,117	\$31,687	\$2,430
\$140,000	\$42,097	\$39,667	\$2,430
\$160,000	\$49,897	\$47,467	\$2,430
\$180,000	\$57,697	\$55,267	\$2,430
\$200,000	\$67,097	\$64,667	\$2,430

<sup>^</sup> The above tax savings compare current tax rates with the proposed tax rates. Tax savings may differ from Government publications which compare 2017/18 tax rates with the proposed tax rates.

## Capital gains tax exemption for granny flat arrangements

From 1 July 2021 a capital gains tax (CGT) exemption will be introduced for formal, written granny flat arrangements that are created, varied or terminated. This will encourage elderly Australians to enter formal written arrangements which provide them protection in the event of a family or relationship breakdown and reduce the risk of financial abuse.

## Medicare levy thresholds

The Medicare levy thresholds have been increased for the 2019/20 financial year.

Singles	2018/19	2019/20
Singles	\$22,398	\$22,801
Families	\$37,794	\$38,474
Single - SAPTO*	\$35,418	\$36,056
Family - SAPTO*	\$49,304	\$50,191

For each dependent child or student, the family income thresholds increase by a further \$3,533 (previously \$3,471).

## Private health insurance cover - increase in maximum age of dependants

From 1 July 2020, the Government will increase the maximum age of dependants allowed under Private Health Insurance policies from 24 years to 31 years and no age limit will apply for dependants with a disability.



## Social security and aged care

### \$250 economic support payments

Two tax-free economic support payments will be paid to aged pensioners, veterans and eligible concession card holders Eligible Veterans' Affairs payment recipients and concession card holders - one payment in November 2020 and the other in early 2021.

### Aged care support for older Australians

From 2020/21 the Government will provide 23,000 additional home care packages across all package level. This will reduce the waiting time for the 100,000 older Australians waiting for their packages to be funded.

The Commonwealth Continuity of Support Programme will be replaced with a new 'Disability Support for Older Australians'. This will allow older disabled Australians who are ineligible for the 'National Disability Insurance Scheme' to receive continued support.

## Incentives to encourage young Australians to undertake seasonal work

To encourage younger individuals to help our farmers with seasonal work such as fruit picking, the Government is proposing the introduction of a temporary pathway for young people who currently receive Youth Allowance (Student) or ABSTUDY.

This would allow an individual to be considered independent if they earn at least \$15,000 in the agricultural industry between 30 November 2020 and 31 December 2021, and they currently meet parental income testing requirements.



## Superannuation – Your Future, Your Super

### Fund stapling

Under this proposal, effective from 1 July 2021, once an employee has a super fund and they change jobs, their new employer will contribute to their *existing* fund. Employees will however be able to advise their employer to make contributions to a different fund if they wish.

### YourSuper comparison tool

The ATO will develop systems that are designed to assist individuals to select a super fund from a table of MySuper products through a new interactive, online 'YourSuper' comparison tool.

The tool will also display all current super funds held by the individual and will prompt them to consider consolidating their accounts where multiple funds exist.



## Jobs

### JobMaker Hiring Credit

Eligible employers will receive \$200 per week for each eligible employee they hire aged 16 to 29 years or \$100 per week for each eligible employee they hire aged 30 to 35 years. The JobMaker Hiring Credit will be available for up to 12 months from the date of employment of the eligible employee.

To be eligible for the JobMaker Hiring Credit, the employer cannot be receiving another Commonwealth wage subsidy program for the same employee.

## Eligible employees

To be an eligible employee, the employee must:

- › be aged 16 to 35
- › have worked at least 20 paid hours per week on average for the full weeks they were employed over the reporting period
- › commenced their employment between 7 October 2020 and 6 October 2021
- › have received the JobSeeker Payment, Youth Allowance (Other), or Parenting Payment for at least one month within the past three months before they were hired
- › be in their first year of employment with this employer, reflecting that the hiring credit is only available for 12 months for each additional job, and
- › must be employed for the period that the employer is claiming for them. Employees may be employed on a permanent, casual or fixed term basis.

## JobMaker plan – boosting apprenticeships wage subsidy

From 5 October 2020 to 30 September 2021, businesses of any size can claim the new boosting apprentices wage subsidy for new apprentices or trainees who commence during this period. Eligible businesses will be reimbursed up to 50% of an apprentice or trainee's wages worth up to \$7,000 per quarter, capped at 100,000 places.

## JobMaker plan – driving jobs through housing

The First Home Loan Deposit Scheme will be extended to provide an additional 10,000 guarantees in 2020/21 to allow eligible first home buyers to build a new home or purchase a newly constructed home sooner with a deposit of as little as 5%.

## Paid Parental Leave work test

The Paid Parental Leave work test required for births and adoptions that occur between 22 March 2020 and 31 March 2021 will reduce the number of months parents need to work from 10 of the last 13 months to 10 of the last 20 months.

## What's next?

Most changes must be legislated and passed through Parliament before they apply. If you think you may be impacted by some of the Budget's proposed changes, you should consider seeking professional advice. A financial adviser can give you a clear understanding of where you stand and how you can manage your cash flow, super and investments in light of proposed changes.

**If any of these proposals raise questions, concerns or opportunities for you, please contact us.**